VOCAL CORD DYSFUNCTION (VCD) EVALUATION

Scheduling Your Test: Tell the medical staff if you:

- Have a history of hives, swelling of the upper airway, or both
- Are pregnant (or chance of being pregnant), breastfeeding
- Have a heart condition (heart attack/stroke in last 3 months, uncontrolled blood pressure)
- Have certain types of blood vessel problems (i.e., aortic or cerebral aneurysm)
- Fill out the VCD questionnaire form.
- ❖ If the patient is <18 yrs. old, a *parent/legal guardian should be present* for the entire visit.

Preparing For Your Test: **Please read carefully & call our office if you have questions.

- You may need to stop certain medications before the test (see the chart below for details).
- **Continue** inhaled steroids at the SAME DOSE. *Examples*: Aerospan, Alvesco, ArmonAir, Arnuity Ellipta, Asmanex, Flovent, Pulmicort, QVAR
- **Continue** reflux medications such as cimetidine (Tagamet), esomeprazole (Nexium), famotidine (Pepcid), lansoprazole (Prevacid), omeprazole (Prilosec), or ranitidine (Zantac).

On the Day of the Visit:

- Wear comfortable clothing and athletic shoes.
- Do <u>not</u> wear lipstick, perfume, or cologne.
- NO smoking, coffee, cola/caffeinated beverages, or chocolate.
- Do not exercise at least 6 hours prior to your test.
- Avoid large meals within 2 hours before the test.
- Tell your provider if you have had a cold in the last 4 weeks.

Why is this Evaluation Being Ordered? Your doctor is concerned that some of your symptoms may indicate that you might have vocal cord dysfunction (VCD). This condition can often mimic asthma. Instead of opening during breathing, the vocal cords abnormally close in VCD, causing throat tightness and shortness of breath. Common triggers include exercise, stress, and irritant exposures.

How is the Evaluation Done? You may be asked to exercise (i.e., treadmill) and perform a breathing test (spirometry). The physician may also look at your vocal cords before and after exercise or when you have difficulty breathing. Alternatively, you may be given a breathing treatment with methacholine which can induce asthma symptoms in some patients or may trigger VCD. Numbing medicine will be used on your nose and throat. Then a small flexible fiberoptic tube (laryngoscope) is passed through your nose to the back of your throat to visualize the vocal cords. A video recording will be made during the procedure, which the doctor will review with you after completion.

Are There Any Long-term Effects from Testing? The test may make you wheeze, feel chest tightness, or have shortness of breath. The nurse may give you a medication(s), which will rapidly relieve the symptoms. You may also get a nosebleed from having the scope passed through your nose. There are no known long-term side effects.

Are There Any Alternatives to Testing? Unfortunately, there are no alternative tests available to diagnose VCD. Laryngoscopy/visualization during the event is the *only* way to confirm the diagnosis. Some patients, however, proceed directly to treatment with speech therapy and do not have the procedure. If they improve, it is presumed the diagnosis is correct.

How Long is the Appointment? Because of the multiple steps involved in the assessment, please allow 90-120 minutes for the appointment.

What Happens After Testing? Your doctor will review the results with you. If the diagnosis of VCD is confirmed, you will be referred to speech therapy for treatment.

WHEN TO STOP MEDICATION	NAME OF MEDICATION
BEFORE TEST	
72 hours	Nasal spray and/or eye drop antihistamines Azelastine (Astelin, Astepro, Dymista) Olopatadine (Pataday, Patanase, Patanol)
	Oral antihistamines (can be in cold/flu/sleep medications)
48 hours	Long-acting bronchodilators
24 hours	Leukotriene inhibitors
8 hours	Cromolyn sodium (Intal) Quick-acting rescue inhalers • Albuterol (Proair, Proventil, Ventolin) • Levalbuterol (Xopenex)